

Features:

Emission color: InGaN AlGaInP

Lens appearance: yellow diffuse

Multi-color type.

Applicable to all SMT assembly methods.

Compatible with infrared and vapor phase reflow soldering processes.

Compatible with automatic placement equipment.



Descriptions:

3030 high power package that provides high luminance

from a super robust package to enable cost effective and reliable fixture, 3030 high power white uses an industry standard high power white surface mount package with a fairly small Light Emitting Surface (LES).

Queendom high power white comes in 70CRI, 80CRI and 90CRI with a wide range of CCTs, and offers hot-color targeting to ensure that the LEDs are within color target at application

conditions of 85°C. Furthermore, with the latest NightScape Technology,

Applications:

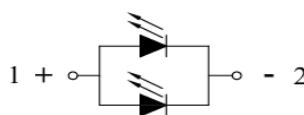
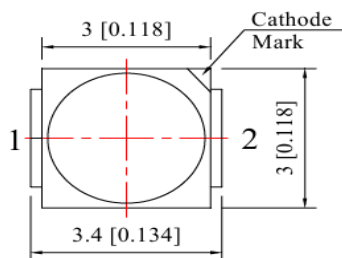
Automobile: dashboard, brake lights, turn signals.

Biomedical optics, instrument and equipment testing

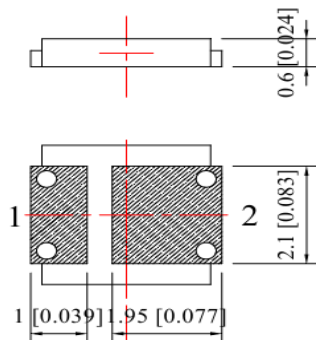
Status indicator: consumer electronics and industrial electronics.

Security, infrared monitoring, night vision

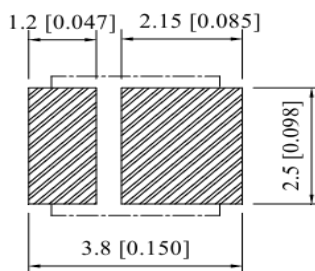
Package SIZE: Picture 1



Polarity



Recommended Soldering Pad Dimensions



Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ± 0.25 mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.00mm (.039") max.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 1. Absolute maximum ratings for Queendom LEDs.

PARAMETER	maXlMum PErFormancE
Parameter PD (mW)	1200 mW
DC Forward Current [1, 2]	350mA 3030**WE
	/
	/
Peak Pulsed Forward Current [1, 3]	400mA 3030**WE
	/
LED Junction Temperature [1] (DC & Pulse)	125°C
Reverse Voltage (Vreverse)	5
ESD Sensitivity (ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001-2012)	Class 2
LED Storage Temperature	-40°C to 80°C
Operating Temperature Range	Minus 40°C To plus 80°C
Soldering Temperature	JEDEC 020c 260°C
Allowable Reflow Cycles	3~5 Seconds
ESD Sensitivity	2000V HBM

Notes for Table 1:

Proper current derating must be observed to maintain the junction temperature below the maximum allowable junction temperature.

Single-color light.

At 0.01ms pulse on time test with a pulse period of 0.1ms.

Performance Characteristics & Product Selection Guide

Product model code corresponding SKU table

Table 2 . Product performance of Queendom Commercial LEDs at specified test conditions, Continued., $T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

PRODUCT	RANK	NOMINAL	TEST	PART NUMBER
		CCT/K	(mA)	
S3030YW2WE	SL1101	2200K	350	8541401000SL1101
S3030WW2WE	SL1102	2700K	350	8541401000SL1102
S3030WV2WE	SL1103	3000K	350	8541401000SL1103
S3030WU2WE	SL1104	3500K	350	8541401000SL1104
S3030WT2WE	SL1105	4000K	350	8541401000SL1105
S3030WR2WE	SL1106	5000K	350	8541401000SL1106
S3030WQ2WE	SL1107	5700K	350	8541401000SL1107
S3030WP2WE	SL1108	6500K	350	8541401000SL1108
S3030WD2WE	SL1109	7600K	350	8541401000SL1109
S3030WD2WE	SL1110	10500K	350	8541401000SL1110

Performance Characteristics& Product Selection Guide

Table 3 . Product performance of Queendom Commercial LEDs at specified test conditions, Continued., $T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$..

PRODUCT	RANK	NOMINAL	CRI	FLUX (lm)		VOLTAGE (Vf)		EFFICACY (lm/W)	TYPICAL	TEST	PART NUMBER
		CCT/K		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		2 θ 1/2	(mA)	
S3030YW2WE	SL1101	2200K	80	100	135	2.8	3.6	100	120	350	8541401000SL1101
S3030WW2WE	SL1102	2700K	80	130	165	2.8	3.6	100	120	350	8541401000SL1102
S3030WV2WE	SL1103	3000K	80	130	165	2.8	3.6	110	120	350	8541401000SL1103
S3030WU2WE	SL1104	3500K	80	130	165	2.8	3.6	110	120	350	8541401000SL1104
S3030WT2WE	SL1105	4000K	80	130	165	2.8	3.6	120	120	350	8541401000SL1105
S3030WR2WE	SL1106	5000K	80	150	200	2.8	3.6	120	120	350	8541401000SL1106
S3030WQ2WE	SL1107	5700K	80	150	200	2.8	3.6	120	120	350	8541401000SL1107
S3030WP2WE	SL1108	6500K	80	150	200	2.8	3.6	110	120	350	8541401000SL1108
S3030WD2WE	SL1109	7600K	80	150	200	2.8	3.6	110	120	350	8541401000SL1109
S3030WD2WE	SL1110	10500K	80	130	165	2.8	3.6	110	120	350	8541401000SL1110

Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

Table 4Product performance of Queendom high power white at rated current, $T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

PRODUCT	COLOR	TYPICAL SPECTRAL HALF-WIDTH [1] (K)	TYPICAL TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT OF DOMINANT WAVELENGTH (nm/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$)	TYPICAL VIEWING ANGLE [2]	PART NUMBER
S3030***LEDs	2700K	50	-2	120°	8541401000SL11
	3000K	100	-2	120°	
	3500K	100	-2	120°	
	4000K	120	-2	120°	
	5000K	120	-2	120°	
	5700K	150	-2	120°	
	6500K	249	-2	120°	
	7600K	300	-2	120°	
	10500K	350	-2	120°	

Notes for Table 2:

1. Spectral half-width is the spectral bandwidth at 50% of the peak intensity.
2. Viewing angle is the off axis angle from the LED centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the peak value.

Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

Table5. Product performance of Queendom white at rated current, $T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Product	COLOR	FORWARD VOLTAGE [1] (Vf)			TYPICAL TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT OF FORWARD VOLTAGE [2] (mV/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$)	TYPICAL THERMAL RESISTANCE—JUNCTION TO SOLDER PAD ($^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$)
		MINIMUM	TYPICAL	MAXIMUM		
S3030W*****WE	white	2.80	3.00	3.6	-1.0 to -2.0	12

Notes for Table 1: continued on next page

Queendom leds maintains a tolerance of $\pm 1\text{nm}$ on dominant wavelength measurements.

Queendom leds maintains a tolerance of $\pm 10\%$ on luminous intensity measurements.

Correlated color temperature is hot targeted at $T_j=85^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Queendom flux and CRI are based upon mounted package on highly reflective surface at $T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$. Typical CRI is approximately 2 points higher than the minimum CRI specified, but this is not guaranteed.

Queendom maintains a tolerance of ± 2 on CRI and $\pm 7\%$ on luminous flux measurements.



正发科技

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特性曲线 Characteristic Curves

光谱功率分布特性 Spectral Power Distribution Characteristic

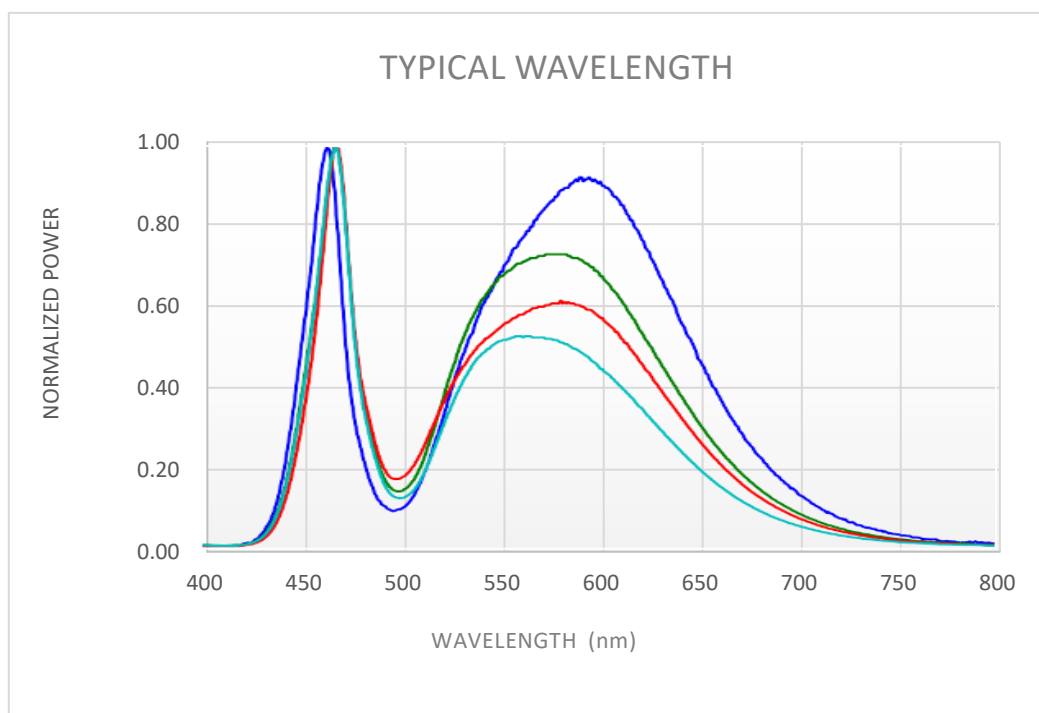


Figure 1. Typical normalized light output vs. junction temperature for at specified test current. $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$

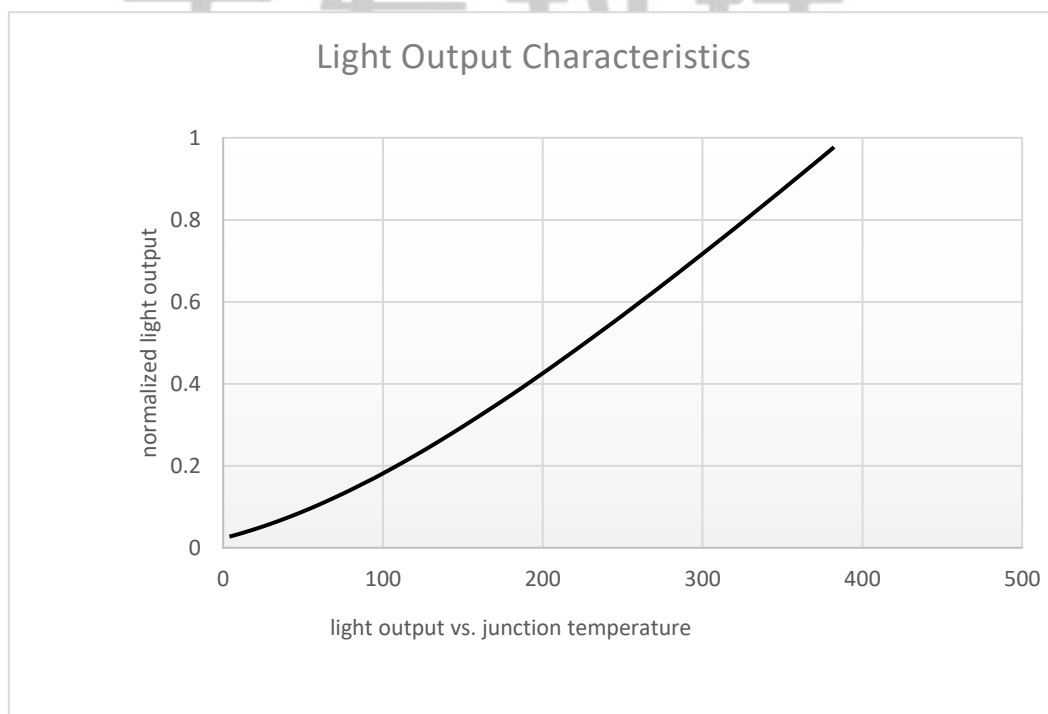


Figure 2 . Typical normalized light output vs . forward current for at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$

光输出特性 Light Output Characteristics

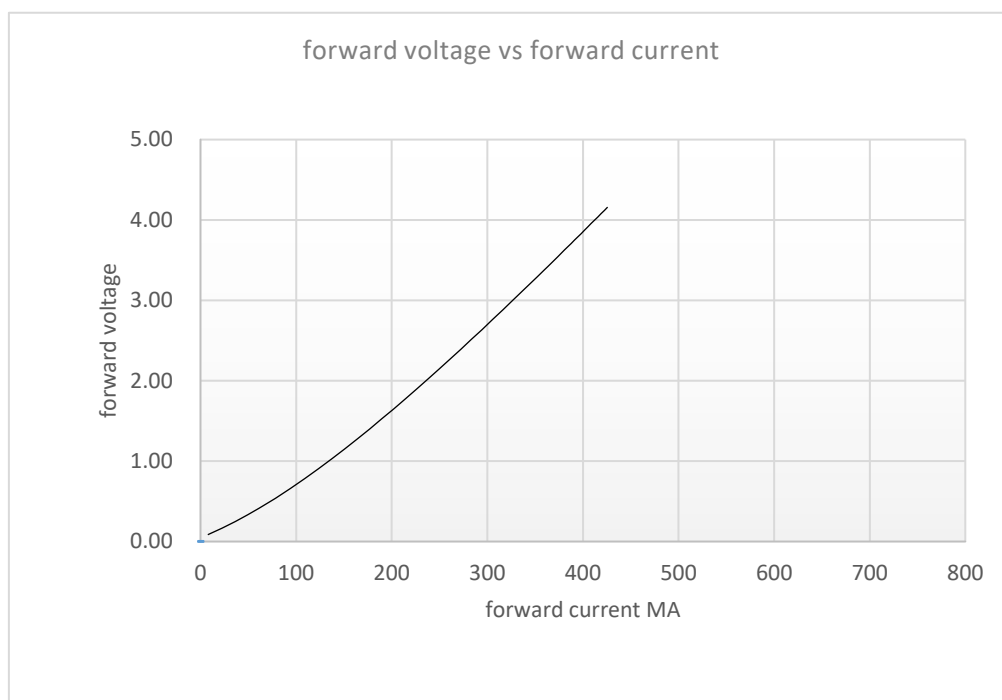


Figure 3. Typical forward current vs. forward voltage for $R_{Tj}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

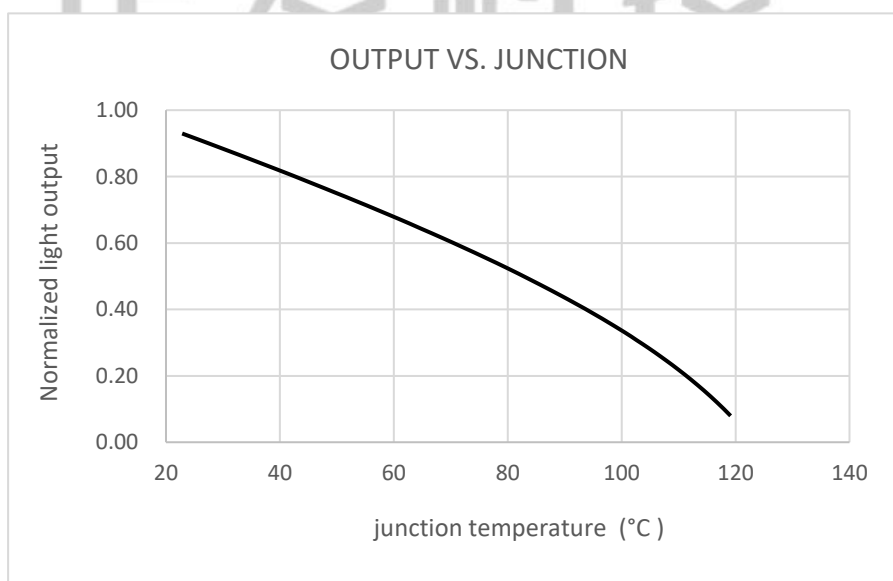


Figure 4. Typical normalized light output vs. junction temperature for at test current.

Radiation Pattern Characteristics

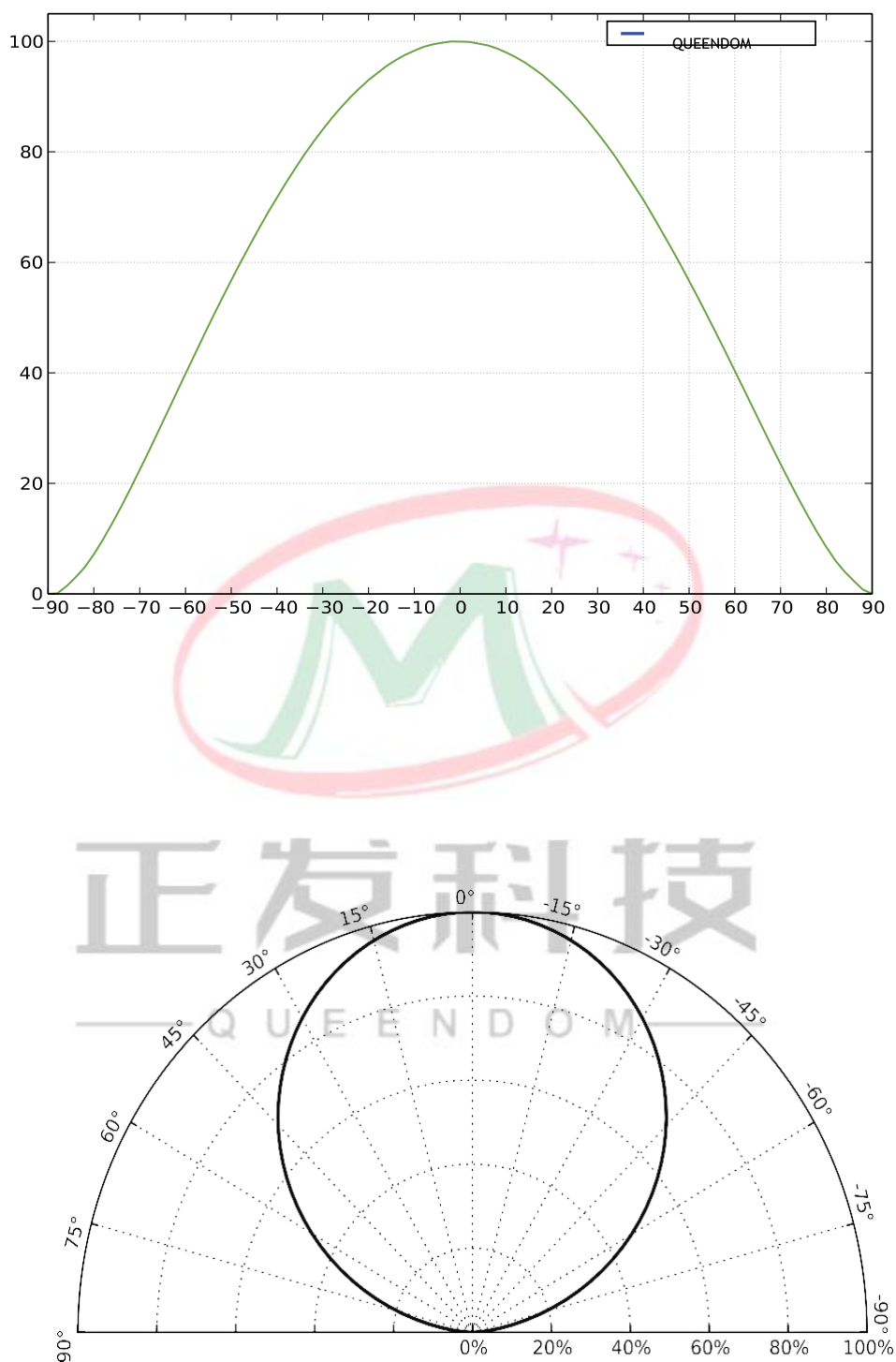


Figure 5. Typical polar radiation pattern for all at test current, $T_j T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Chromaticity Region & Coordinates

Figure 1a. Typical normalized power vs. wavelength for QUEENDOM LEDs, T_j=25 °C.

Region	CIE x	CIE y	Region	CIE x	CIE y
Y rank (2200 K)					
Y1	0.4854	0.4022	Y9	0.4974	0.421
	0.4914	0.4116		0.5033	0.4304
	0.4964	0.4116		0.5087	0.4304
	0.4903	0.4022		0.5025	0.421
Y2	0.4903	0.4022	YA	0.5025	0.421
	0.4964	0.4116		0.5087	0.4304
	0.5014	0.4116		0.514	0.4303
	0.4952	0.4023		0.5077	0.421
Y3	0.4952	0.4023	YB	0.5077	0.421
	0.5014	0.4116		0.514	0.4303
	0.5065	0.4116		0.5194	0.4303
	0.5	0.4023		0.5129	0.421
Y4	0.5	0.4023	YC	0.5129	0.421
	0.5065	0.4116		0.5194	0.4303
	0.5115	0.4116		0.5247	0.4303
	0.5049	0.4023		0.5181	0.421
Y5	0.4914	0.4116	YD	0.5033	0.4304
	0.4974	0.421		0.5093	0.4398
	0.5025	0.421		0.5148	0.4398
	0.4964	0.4116		0.5087	0.4304
Y6	0.4964	0.4116	YE	0.5087	0.4304
	0.5025	0.421		0.5148	0.4398
	0.5077	0.421		0.5203	0.4397
	0.5014	0.4116		0.514	0.4303
Y7	0.5014	0.4116	YF	0.514	0.4303
	0.5077	0.421		0.5203	0.4397
	0.5129	0.421		0.5258	0.4397
	0.5065	0.4116		0.5194	0.4303
Y8	0.5065	0.4116	YG	0.5194	0.4303
	0.5129	0.421		0.5258	0.4397
	0.5181	0.421		0.5313	0.4396
	0.5115	0.4116		0.5247	0.4303

Region	CIE x	CIE y	Region	CIE x	CIE y
W rank (2700 K)					
W1	0.4417	0.394	W9	0.4515	0.4128
	0.4472	0.3953		0.4573	0.4141
	0.4522	0.4047		0.4623	0.4235
	0.4466	0.4034		0.4563	0.4222
W2	0.4472	0.3953	WA	0.4573	0.4141
	0.4527	0.3966		0.4631	0.4153
	0.4579	0.4059		0.4683	0.4247
	0.4522	0.4047		0.4623	0.4235
W3	0.4527	0.3966	WB	0.4631	0.4153
	0.4582	0.3978		0.4689	0.4166
	0.4635	0.4072		0.4742	0.426
	0.4579	0.4059		0.4683	0.4247
W4	0.4582	0.3978	WC	0.4689	0.4166
	0.4637	0.3991		0.4747	0.4179
	0.4692	0.4085		0.4802	0.4272
	0.4635	0.4072		0.4742	0.426
W5	0.4466	0.4034	WD	0.4563	0.4222
	0.4522	0.4047		0.4623	0.4235
	0.4573	0.4141		0.4673	0.4329
	0.4515	0.4128		0.4612	0.4316
W6	0.4522	0.4047	WE	0.4623	0.4235
	0.4579	0.4059		0.4683	0.4247
	0.4631	0.4153		0.4735	0.4341
	0.4573	0.4141		0.4673	0.4329
W7	0.4579	0.4059	WF	0.4683	0.4247
	0.4635	0.4072		0.4742	0.426
	0.4689	0.4166		0.4796	0.4354
	0.4631	0.4153		0.4735	0.4341
W8	0.4635	0.4072	WG	0.4742	0.426
	0.4692	0.4085		0.4802	0.4272
	0.4747	0.4179		0.4857	0.4366
	0.4689	0.4166		0.4796	0.4354

Figure 1b. Typical normalized power vs. wavelength for QUEENDOM LEDs, T_j=25 °C.

Region	CIE x	CIE y	Region	CIE x	CIE y
U rank (3500 K)					
U1	0.3889	0.369	U9	0.3941	0.3848
	0.3915	0.3768		0.3968	0.393
	0.3981	0.38		0.404	0.3966
	0.3953	0.372		0.401	0.3882
U2	0.3953	0.372	UA	0.401	0.3882
	0.3981	0.38		0.404	0.3966
	0.4048	0.3832		0.4113	0.4001
	0.4017	0.3751		0.408	0.3916
U3	0.4017	0.3751	UB	0.408	0.3916
	0.4048	0.3832		0.4113	0.4001
	0.4116	0.3865		0.4186	0.4037
	0.4082	0.3782		0.415	0.395
U4	0.4082	0.3782	UC	0.415	0.395
	0.4116	0.3865		0.4186	0.4037
	0.4183	0.3898		0.4259	0.4073
	0.4147	0.3814		0.4221	0.3984
U5	0.3915	0.3768	UD	0.3968	0.393
	0.3941	0.3848		0.3996	0.4015
	0.401	0.3882		0.4071	0.4052
	0.3981	0.38		0.404	0.3966
U6	0.3981	0.38	UE	0.404	0.3966
	0.401	0.3882		0.4071	0.4052
	0.408	0.3916		0.4146	0.4089
	0.4048	0.3832		0.4113	0.4001
U7	0.4048	0.3832	UF	0.4113	0.4001
	0.408	0.3916		0.4146	0.4089
	0.415	0.395		0.4222	0.4127
	0.4116	0.3865		0.4186	0.4037
U8	0.4116	0.3865	UG	0.4186	0.4037
	0.415	0.395		0.4222	0.4127
	0.4221	0.3984		0.4299	0.4165
	0.4183	0.3898		0.4259	0.4073

Region	CIE x	CIE y	Region	CIE x	CIE y
T rank (4000 K)					
T1	0.367	0.3578	T9	0.3702	0.3722
	0.3726	0.3612		0.3763	0.376
	0.3744	0.3685		0.3782	0.3837
	0.3686	0.3649		0.3719	0.3797
T2	0.3726	0.3612	TA	0.3763	0.376
	0.3783	0.3646		0.3825	0.3798
	0.3804	0.3721		0.3847	0.3877
	0.3744	0.3685		0.3782	0.3837
T3	0.3783	0.3646	TB	0.3825	0.3798
	0.384	0.3681		0.3887	0.3836
	0.3863	0.3758		0.3912	0.3917
	0.3804	0.3721		0.3847	0.3877
T4	0.384	0.3681	TC	0.3887	0.3837
	0.3898	0.3716		0.395	0.3875
	0.3924	0.3794		0.3978	0.3958
	0.3863	0.3758		0.3912	0.3917
T5	0.3686	0.3649	TD	0.3719	0.3797
	0.3744	0.3685		0.3782	0.3837
	0.3763	0.376		0.3802	0.3916
	0.3702	0.3722		0.3736	0.3874
T6	0.3744	0.3685	TE	0.3782	0.3837
	0.3804	0.3721		0.3847	0.3877
	0.3825	0.3798		0.3869	0.3958
	0.3763	0.376		0.3802	0.3916
T7	0.3804	0.3721	TF	0.3847	0.3877
	0.3863	0.3758		0.3912	0.3917
	0.3887	0.3836		0.3937	0.4001
	0.3825	0.3798		0.3869	0.3958
T8	0.3863	0.3758	TG	0.3912	0.3917
	0.3924	0.3794		0.3978	0.3958
	0.395	0.3875		0.4006	0.4044
	0.3887	0.3836		0.3937	0.4001

Figure 1c. Typical normalized power vs. wavelength for QUEENDOM LEDs, T_j=25 °C.

Region	CIE x	CIE y	Region	CIE x	CIE y
R rank (5000 K)					
R1	0.3366	0.3369	R9	0.3374	0.3554
	0.3369	0.3431		0.3371	0.3493
	0.3407	0.346		0.3411	0.3522
	0.3403	0.3398		0.3415	0.3587
R2	0.3403	0.3398	RA	0.3415	0.3587
	0.3407	0.346		0.3411	0.3522
	0.3446	0.3491		0.3451	0.3554
	0.344	0.3427		0.3457	0.3621
R3	0.3446	0.3491	RB	0.3451	0.3554
	0.344	0.3427		0.3457	0.3621
	0.3477	0.3458		0.35	0.3655
	0.3485	0.3522		0.3492	0.3587
R4	0.3485	0.3522	RC	0.3492	0.3587
	0.3477	0.3458		0.35	0.3655
	0.3514	0.3487		0.3542	0.369
	0.3524	0.3554		0.3533	0.362
R5	0.3371	0.3493	RD	0.3376	0.3616
	0.3369	0.3431		0.3374	0.3554
	0.3407	0.346		0.3415	0.3587
	0.3411	0.3522		0.342	0.3652
R6	0.3407	0.346	RE	0.3415	0.3587
	0.3411	0.3522		0.342	0.3652
	0.3451	0.3554		0.3463	0.3687
	0.3446	0.3491		0.3457	0.3621
R7	0.3446	0.3491	RF	0.3457	0.3621
	0.3451	0.3554		0.3463	0.3687
	0.3492	0.3587		0.3507	0.3724
	0.3485	0.3522		0.35	0.3655
R8	0.3485	0.3522	RG	0.35	0.3655
	0.3492	0.3587		0.3507	0.3724
	0.3533	0.362		0.3551	0.376
	0.3524	0.3554		0.3542	0.369

Region	CIE x	CIE y	Region	CIE x	CIE y
Q rank (5700 K)					
Q1	0.3218	0.3298	Q9	0.3211	0.3407
	0.3222	0.3243		0.3215	0.3353
	0.3258	0.3275		0.3254	0.3388
	0.3256	0.3331		0.3252	0.3444
Q2	0.3256	0.3331	QA	0.3252	0.3444
	0.3258	0.3275		0.3254	0.3388
	0.3294	0.3306		0.3293	0.3423
	0.3294	0.3364		0.3293	0.3481
Q3	0.3294	0.3364	QB	0.3293	0.3481
	0.3294	0.3306		0.3293	0.3423
	0.333	0.3338		0.3332	0.3458
	0.3331	0.3398		0.3333	0.3518
Q4	0.3331	0.3398	QC	0.3333	0.3518
	0.333	0.3338		0.3332	0.3458
	0.3366	0.3369		0.3371	0.3493
	0.3369	0.3431		0.3374	0.3554
Q1	0.3215	0.3353	QD	0.3207	0.3462
	0.3218	0.3298		0.3211	0.3407
	0.3256	0.3331		0.3252	0.3444
	0.3254	0.3388		0.325	0.3501
Q2	0.3254	0.3388	QE	0.325	0.3501
	0.3256	0.3331		0.3252	0.3444
	0.3294	0.3364		0.3293	0.3481
	0.3293	0.3423		0.3292	0.3539
Q3	0.3293	0.3423	QF	0.3292	0.3539
	0.3294	0.3364		0.3293	0.3481
	0.3331	0.3398		0.3333	0.3518
	0.3332	0.3458		0.3334	0.3578
Q4	0.3332	0.3458	QG	0.3334	0.3578
	0.3331	0.3398		0.3333	0.3518
	0.3369	0.3431		0.3374	0.3554
	0.3371	0.3493		0.3376	0.3616

Figure 1d. Typical normalized power vs. wavelength for QUEENDOM LEDs, Tj=25 °C.

Region	CIE x	CIE y	Region	CIE x	CIE y
P rank (6500 K)					
P1	0.3068	0.3113	P9	0.3048	0.3207
	0.3106	0.315		0.3089	0.3249
	0.3098	0.3199		0.308	0.3298
	0.3058	0.316		0.3038	0.3256
P2	0.3106	0.315	PA	0.3089	0.3249
	0.3144	0.3186		0.313	0.329
	0.3137	0.3238		0.3123	0.3341
	0.3098	0.3199		0.308	0.3298
P3	0.3144	0.3186	PB	0.313	0.329
	0.3183	0.3224		0.3172	0.3332
	0.3177	0.3278		0.3166	0.3384
	0.3137	0.3238		0.3123	0.3341
P4	0.3183	0.3224	PC	0.3172	0.3332
	0.3221	0.3261		0.3214	0.3373
	0.3218	0.3317		0.321	0.3427
	0.3177	0.3278		0.3166	0.3384
P5	0.3058	0.316	PD	0.3038	0.3256
	0.3098	0.3199		0.308	0.3298
	0.3089	0.3249		0.3072	0.3348
	0.3048	0.3207		0.3028	0.3304
P6	0.3098	0.3199	PE	0.308	0.3298
	0.3137	0.3238		0.3123	0.3341
	0.313	0.329		0.3115	0.3391
	0.3089	0.3249		0.3072	0.3348
P7	0.3137	0.3238	PF	0.3123	0.3341
	0.3177	0.3278		0.3166	0.3384
	0.3172	0.3332		0.316	0.3436
	0.313	0.329		0.3115	0.3391
P8	0.3177	0.3278	PG	0.3166	0.3384
	0.3218	0.3317		0.321	0.3427
	0.3214	0.3373		0.3206	0.3481
	0.3172	0.3332		0.316	0.3436

Product Bin and Labeling Definitions

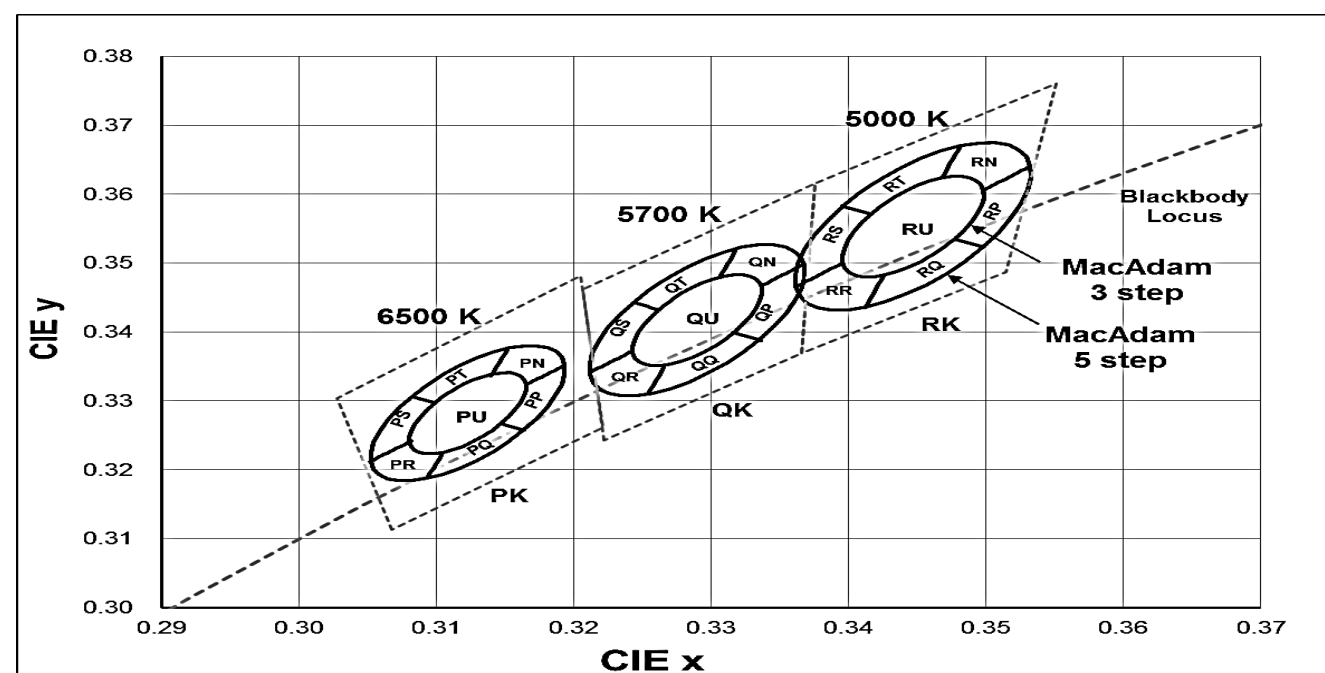
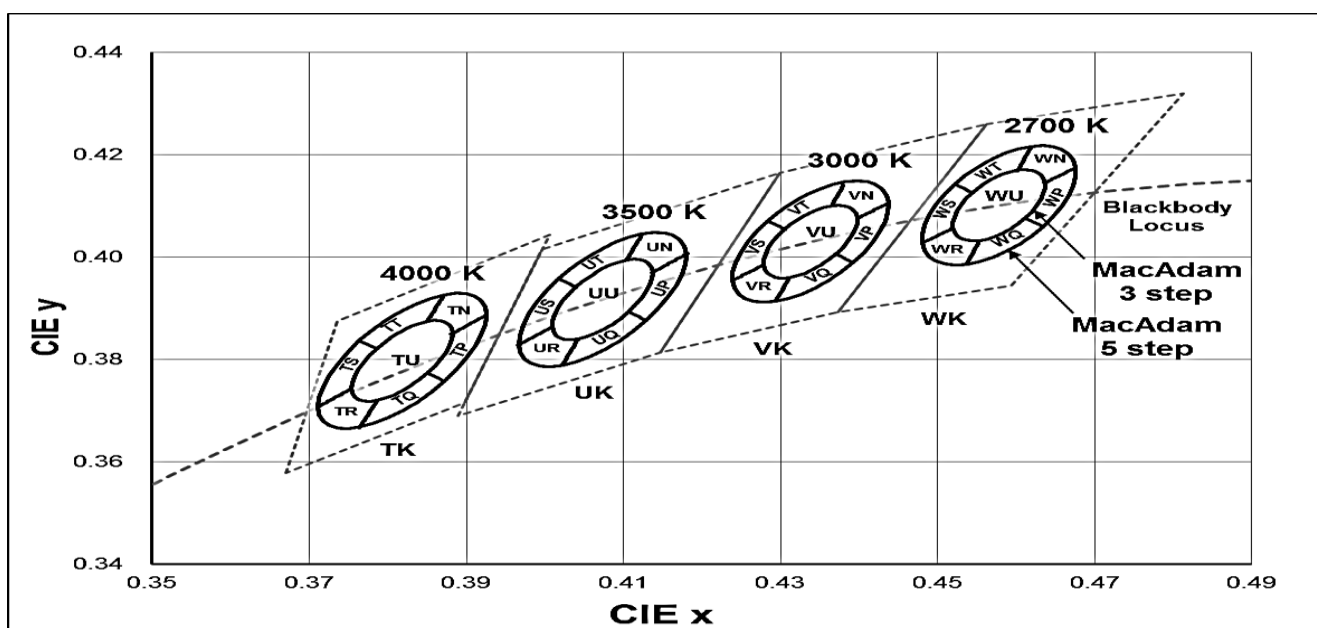
Decoding Product Bin Labeling

In the manufacturing of semiconductor products, there are variations in performance around the average values given in the technical datasheet. For this reason, Queendom bins LED components for luminous flux, intensity, radiometric power, color point, peak wavelength, dominant wavelength and forward voltage.

RANK NOMINAL CCT & COLOR COORDINATES

Chromaticity Region & Coordinates

Table 1a. Electrical and thermal characteristics for Queendom at specified test current, $T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$



Dominant Wavelength Bins

RANK Table 1. Dominant wavelength bins & Product performance of Queendom Commercial LEDs at specified test conditions.

	Region	CIE x	CIE y	Major-axis	Minor-axis	Rotation
3 step	2700	0.4578	0.4101	0.0081	0.0042	53.7
	3000	0.4338	0.403	0.0083	0.0041	53.22
	3500	0.4073	0.3917	0.0093	0.0041	54
	4000	0.3818	0.3797	0.0094	0.004	53.72
	5000	0.3447	0.3553	0.0082	0.0035	59.62
	5700	0.3287	0.3417	0.0075	0.0032	59.1
	6500	0.3123	0.3282	0.0067	0.0029	58.57
5 step	2700	0.4578	0.4101	0.0135	0.007	53.7
	3000	0.4338	0.403	0.0138	0.0068	53.22
	3500	0.4073	0.3917	0.0155	0.0068	54
	4000	0.3818	0.3797	0.0157	0.0067	53.72
	5000	0.3447	0.3553	0.0137	0.0058	59.62
	5700	0.3287	0.3417	0.0125	0.0053	59.1
	6500	0.3123	0.3282	0.0112	0.0048	58.57

Notes:

1. The tolerance of luminous intensity (Iv) is $\pm 15\%$.
2. The tolerance of dominant wavelength is $\pm 1\text{nm}$.
3. This specification is preliminary.
4. This specification is a standard specification of our factory, can make in accordance with customer's special requirement.

LUMINOUS FLUX BINS

Table 2. Luminous flux bin definitions for QUEENDOM Color Line at Tj=25°C.

BIN	QUEENDOM FLUX [1] (lm)		RANK FLUX [2] (lm)		TYPICAL FLUX HALF WIDTH
	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	[3] (lm)
LI	22	24	2	4	4
LJ	24	26	2	4	4
LK	26	28	2	4	4
LL	28	30	2	4	4
LM	30	32	2	4	4
LN	32	34	2	4	4
LO	34	36	2	4	4
LP	36	38	2	4	4
LQ	38	40	2	4	4
LR	45	50	3	5	5
LS	55	60	3	5	5
LT	65	70	3	5	5
LU	75	80	3	5	5
LV	85	90	3	5	5
LW	95	100	3	5	5
LX	110	120	5	10	10
LY	130	140	5	10	10
LZ	150	160	5	10	10
H1	170	180	5	10	10
H2	190	200	5	10	10

TABLE Forward Voltage BINS

Table 3. Electrical and thermal characteristics for Queendom at specified test current, Tj=25°C

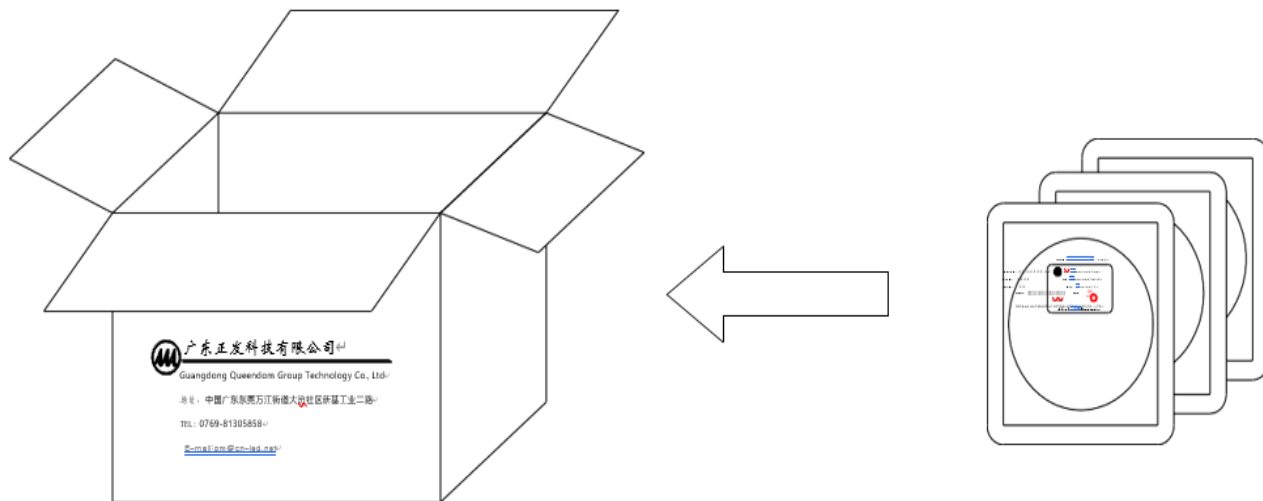
NUMBER	FORWARD VOLTAGE [1] (Vf)			RANK WAVELENGTH [2]		TYPICAL VOLTAGE
	MINIMUM	TYPICAL	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	[3]
V1	1	1.2	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.2
V2	1.4	1.6	1.8	0.1	0.2	0.2
V3	1.8	2	2.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
V4	2.2	2.4	2.6	0.1	0.2	0.2
V5	2.6	2.8	3	0.1	0.2	0.2
V6	3	3.2	3.4	0.1	0.2	0.2
V7	3.4	3.6	3.8	0.1	0.2	0.2
V8	3.8	4	4.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
V9	4.2	4.4	4.6	0.1	0.2	0.2
VA	4.6	4.8	5	0.1	0.2	0.2
VB	5	5.2	5.4	0.1	0.2	0.2
VC	5.4	5.6	5.8	0.1	0.2	0.2
VD	5.8	6				
VE	6	7	8	1	2	2
VF	8	9	10	1	2	2
VG	10	11	12	1	2	2
VH	12	13	14	1	2	2
VI	14	15	16	1	2	2
VJ	16	17	18	1	2	2
VK	18	19	20	1	2	2
VL	20	21	22	1	2	2
VM	22	23	24	1	2	2
VN	24	25	26	1	2	2
VO	26	27	28	1	2	2

TABLE TYPICAL POWER BINS

Table 4. Electrical and thermal characteristics for Queendom at specified test current, Tj=25°C

RANK NO.	TYPICAL POWER RANK (W) [1]		RANK POWER [2] (W)		TYPICAL POWER HALF WIDTH
	min	max	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	[3] (W)
WE	1	3	1	3	3
WF	3	6	1	3	3
WG	6	9	1	3	3
WH	9	12	1	3	3
WI	12	15	1	3	3
WJ	15	18	1	3	3
WK	18	21	1	3	3
WL	21	24	1	3	3
WM	24	27	1	3	3
WN	27	30	2	3	3
WO	30	34	2	4	4
WP	34	38	2	4	4
WQ	38	42	2	4	4

Packaging cartons



Information

- With Stopper



Without Stopper

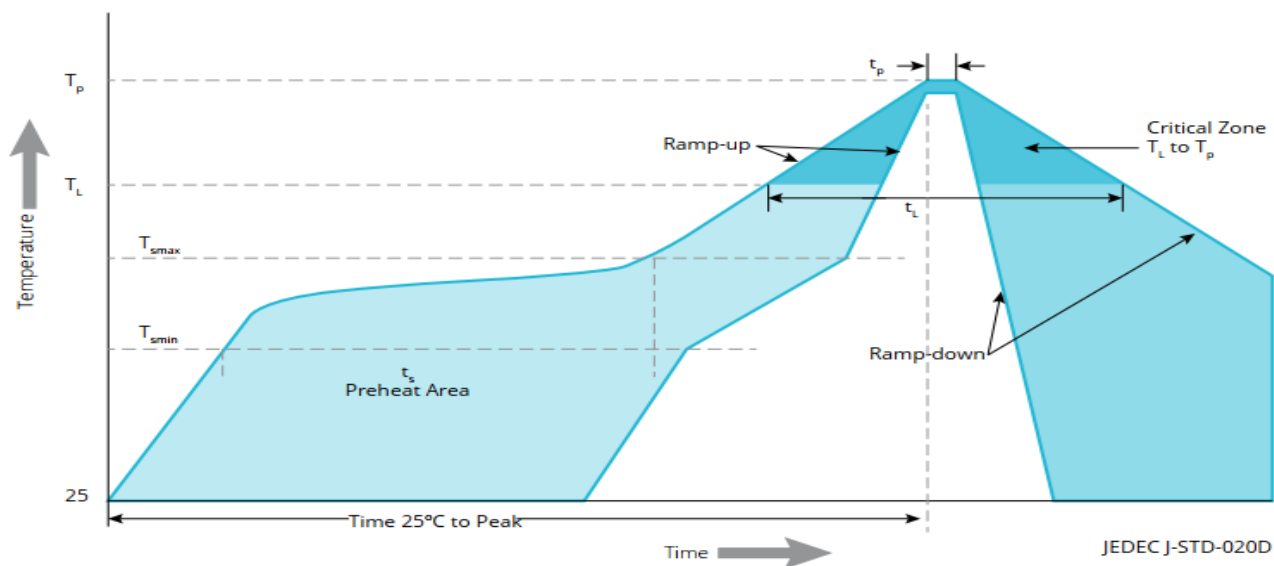
CPN:Customer's Product Number
P/N:Product Number
QTY:Packing Quantity
LOT NO:Lot Number
VF:Forward Voltage Rank
IV:Luminous Intensity Rank
WLD:Dom. Wavelength Rank
BIN:BIN Code
DATE:Date Of Dispatch

Packing Quantity

1. 3000 PCS/1 Bag,
2. 10 Inner Cartons/1 Outside Carton

CAUTIONS

Reflow Soldering Guidelines



Visualization of the acceptable reflow temperature profile as specified

Reflow profile characteristics for Queendom smd.

Profile Feature	lead-free assembly
Reheat Minimum Temperature (T _{smin})	150°C
Preheat Maximum Temperature (T _{smax})	200°C
Preheat Time (t _{smin} to t _{smax})	60 to 120 seconds
Ramp-Up Rate (T _L to T _p)	3°C / second maximum
Liquidus Temperature (T _L)	217°C
Time Maintained Above Temperature T _L (t _L)	60 to 150 seconds
Peak / Classification Temperature (T _p)	260°C
Time Within 5°C of Actual Temperature (t _p)	20 to 40 seconds
Ramp-Down Rate (T _p to T _L)	6°C / second maximum
Time 25°C to P	8 minutes maximum

JEDEC Moisture Sensitivity

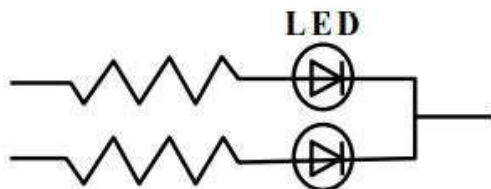
Moisture sensitivity levels for LEDs Line

level	Floor life		soak requirements standard	
	time	conditions	time	conditions
1	Unlimited	≤30°C / 85% RH	168 Hours +5 / -0	85°C / 85% RH

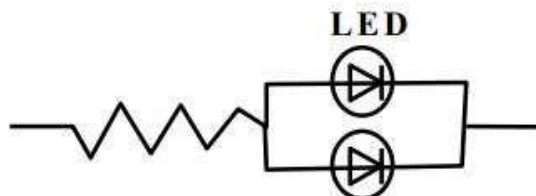
Drive Method

An LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in Circuit A below.

Circuit model A



Circuit model B



Recommended circuit

The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs.

Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.

ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED. Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

Use a conductive wrist band or anti- electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs.

All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded.

Work tables, storage racks, etc. should be properly grounded.

Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LEDs plastic lens as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handling.

Others

The information included in this document reflects representative usage scenarios and is intended for technical reference only.

The part number, type, and specifications mentioned in this document are subject to future change and improvement without notice. Before production usage customer should refer to the latest datasheet for the updated specifications.

When using the products referenced in this document, please make sure the product is being operated within the environmental and electrical limits specified in the datasheet. If customer usage exceeds the specified limits, Queendom will not be responsible for any subsequent issues.

The LEDs described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household applications). Consult Queendom's Sales in advance for information on applications in which exceptional reliability is required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health, such as in aviation, transportation, traffic control equipment, medical and life support systems and safety devices.